## Lecture 11: Extensions and Applications of ASP 2-AIN-108 Computational Logic

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### Definition (Constraint)

A normal constraint is a rule of the form

$$\leftarrow L_1 \wedge \cdots \wedge L_n$$

where  $0 \le n$  and each  $L_i$ ,  $1 \le i \le n$ , is a literal.

### Definition (Stable Model)

An interpretation I is a stable model of a normal logic program P with a set of constraints C iff I is a stable model of P and satisfies C.

Definition (Generalized Logic Program)

A generalized logic program is a finite set of rules

$$L_0 \leftarrow L_1 \land \cdots \land L_n$$

where  $0 \le n$  and each  $L_i$ ,  $0 \le i \le n$ , is a literal.

The rule

$$\sim q \leftarrow p$$

can be viewed as a constraint

 $\leftarrow p, q$ 

### Definition (Program Reduct)

Let *I* be an interpretation. A program reduct of a generalized logic program *P* is a definite logic program  $P^{I}$  with constraints obtained from *P* by

- deleting all rules with a default literal *L* in the body not satisfied by *I*
- deleting all rules with a default literal L in the head satisfied by I
- deleting all default literals from remaining rules

## Definition (Stable Model)

An interpretation I is a stable model of a generalized logic program P iff I is the least model of the program reduct  $P^{I}$ .



 $cross \leftarrow \sim train$ 

versus

 $cross \leftarrow \neg train$ 

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#### Definition (Literal)

A classical literal is an atom or an atom preceded by classical negation. A default literal is a classical literal preceded by default negation. A literal is either classical or default literal.

## Definition (Extended Logic Program)

An extended logic program is a finite set of rules

$$L_0 \leftarrow L_1 \land \cdots \land L_m \land \sim L_{m+1} \land \cdots \land \sim L_n$$

where  $0 \le m \le n$  and each  $L_i$ ,  $0 \le i \le n$ , is a classical literal.

#### Definition (Herbrand Interpretation)

An extended Herbrand base is a set of ground classical literals. A set of classical literals is consistent if it does not contain an atom A and its classical negation  $\neg A$ . A Herbrand interpretation is a consistent subset of the extended Herbrand base.

#### Definition (Stable Model)

An interpretation I is a stable model of an extended logic program P iff I is a stable model of the same logic program P with classical literals interpreted as new atoms.

# Sudoku (Generate)

• domain predicates

$$d(0) \leftarrow d(1) \leftarrow d(2) \leftarrow$$
  
 $n(1) \leftarrow \dots n(9) \leftarrow$ 

• each cell contains or does not contain a number

$$s(A, B, X, Y, N) \leftarrow d(A), d(B), d(X), d(Y), n(N),$$
  
$$\sim \neg s(A, B, X, Y, N)$$

$$\neg s(A, B, X, Y, N) \leftarrow d(A), d(B), d(X), d(Y), n(N), \\ \sim s(A, B, X, Y, N)$$

• if a cell contains a number, it is filled

$$f(A, B, X, Y) \leftarrow s(A, B, X, Y, N)$$

• each cell is filled

 $\leftarrow d(A), d(B), d(X), d(Y), \sim f(X, Y, A, B)$ 

• each number appears at most once in each column

 $\leftarrow s(A_1, B, X_1, Y, N), s(A_2, B, X_2, Y, N), (A_1, X_1) < (A_2, X_2)$ 

each number appears at most once in each row

 $\leftarrow s(A, B_1, X, Y_1, N), s(A, B_2, X, Y_2, N), (B_1, Y_1) < (B_2, Y_2)$ 

each number appears at most once in each box

 $\leftarrow s(A, B, X_1, Y_1, N), s(A, B, X_2, Y_2, N), (X_1, Y_1) < (X_2, Y_2)$ 

## Reaction Control System (RCS) of the Space Shuttle

- RCS is controlled by computer during takeoff and landing
- In orbit, however, astronauts have the primary control
- For normal situations there are pre-scripted plans to achieve certain goals
- The number of possible failures is too large to pre-plan all exceptional situations
- An intelligent system to verify and generate plans would be helpful

Nogueira, M. et al. An A-Prolog Decision Support System for the Space Shuttle. In Practical Aspects of Declarative Languages (pp. 169–183). Springer Berlin Heidelberg.

## http://www.cs.uni-postdam.de/~torsten/asp/

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